**Project Proposal**

**Concurrent Non-Blocking Priority Queue Implementation**

**CS-550 Advanced Operating System**

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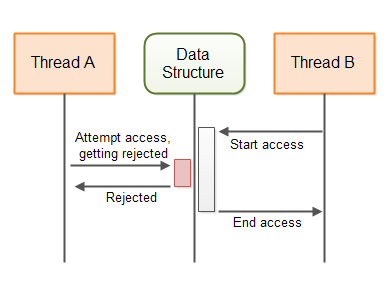
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1. **Introduction**

Writing a thread-safe code is, at its core, about managing access to shared, mutable state. Making data structure thread-safe requires using synchronization to coordinate access to its mutable state; failing to do so could result in data corruption and other undesirable consequences [1]. A priority queue is a data structure that is very often needed at places such as the process managers of operating systems, distributed event simulations, network bandwidth managers and sorting algorithms and thus may face severe contention.

1. **Background** **Information**

With non-blocking and lock free implementation of priority queue we can achieve scalability and real-time response. Each process does not need to wait for its turn if there are multiple threads requesting the same resource. Unlike blocking concurrency algorithm, non-blocking concurrency algorithm either performs the operation or notifies the thread that operation cannot be performed at that state of time.

  
Non-blocking concurrency algorithm

1. **Problem Statement**

Concurrency in case of a priority queue is achieved using locks and thread blocking. When multiple threads try to add new element to a priority queue, only one of the threads gets access of the queue. Now while that thread is updating the queue, other threads are made to wait with the help of blocking. This effectively degrades productivity of the system plus it causes an additional overhead of thread communication. During this project we will try to implement a non-blocking algorithm for a priority queue where a thread is not blocked in case of conflict thus improving overall performance of the system.

1. **Related Work**

There has been development in the past regarding implementation of wait free and lock free algorithms on concurrent priority queue. The algorithm presented by Hunt et al [7] is based on heap structures, it accesses the heap by scatter technique while locking each node separately, thus reducing the contention. This algorithm has been tested on multi-processor systems.

The wait free algorithm for a concurrent priority queue [8] was presented by Israeli and Rappoport. This algorithm uses strong atomic synchronization primitives.

1. **Proposed Solution**

Currently the programming languages have implementations of priority queues and a thread-safe priority blocking queues. Even though the latter is thread safe, it is not efficient as it blocks the concurrent threads for synchronization which may lead to starvation of some threads indefinitely. . In this project we will try to achieve a non-blocking synchronization for priority queues. This implementation will be based on an algorithm as described in ‘Simple, Fast, and Practical Non-Blocking and Blocking Concurrent Queue Algorithms’ by Maged M. Michael and Michael L. Scott

1. **Evaluation**The evaluation of this project is comprised by the following:

* Concurrent and non-blocking implementation of Priority Queue data structure.
* Performing all the operations of the queue without affecting the existing complexities.
* Performance of the algorithm will be calculated based on complexities and big O notation.

1. **Conclusion**

Our programming solution will implement non-blocking concurrency for priority queues. This priority based non-blocking data structure will work more efficiently for scheduling and sharing of the resources over the distributed network. We are going to check how high priority applications, resources get executed with minimal or no idle time. It is also going to check the performance improvement as compared to available non-blocking FIFO algorithms.

1. **Additional Resources**

**8.1 Timeline**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Sr. No | Task | Week |
| 1 | Requirement Gathering   * 1. Analysis of Existing system   2. Literature Survey | 1 |
| 2 | System Design  2.1 Architecture Diagram  2.2 Flow Chart | 2 |
| 3 | Algorithm Designs | 3 |
| 4 | Mid Term Report Preparation | 4 |
| 5 | Implementation of proposed solution | 5 |
| 6 | Testing and evaluation of the proposed solution | 6 |
| 7 | Validation and Modification to the proposed solution | 7 |
| 8 | IEEE Paper and final report preparation | 8 |
| 9 | Project Presentation | 9 |

**8.2 Deliverables**

* Progress/Mid term report
* IEEE Paper
* PPT Presentation
* Source Code

**9. References**

[1]http://tutorials.jenkov.com/java-concurrency/non-blocking-algorithms.html#non-blocking-concurrent-data-structures

[2] https://www.cs.rochester.edu/research/synchronization/pseudocode/queues.html

[3] http://blog.shealevy.com/2015/04/23/use-after-free-bug-in-maged-m-michael-and-michael-l-scotts-non-blocking-concurrent-queue-algorithm/

[4]https://secweb.cs.odu.edu/~zeil/cs361/web/website/Lectures/priorityQueues/pages/ar01s02.html

[5] http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~siff/CS367/Notes/pqueues.html